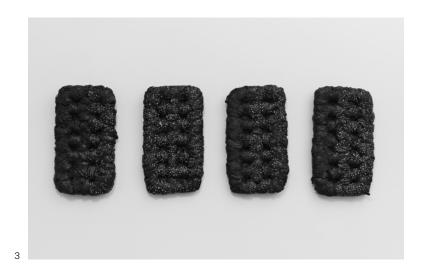
Harmony and Me: A Topography

An artist, writer, editor, theorist, and curator, Harmony Hammond was at the vanguard of both the feminist art movement and early queer art-wol activism. She cofounded A.I.R. Galle (established 1972 in lower Manhattan, now in Brooklyn), the first all-female artists cooperative gallery in the United States, and, as a member of the feminist political artists' group the Heresies Collective (established 1976), was a co-founder and editor of the journal Heresies: A Feminist Publication of Art and Politics. In 1978, Hammond

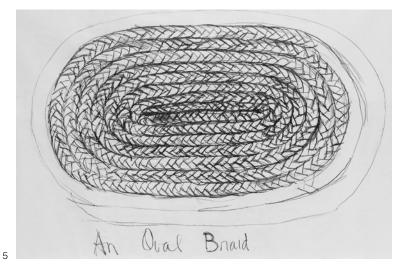
organized A Lesbian Show, a groundbreaking exhibition of work by lesbian artists, at the influential alternative art space 112 Greene Street. Her seminal book Lesbian Art in America: A Contemporary History was published by Rizzoli in 2000.

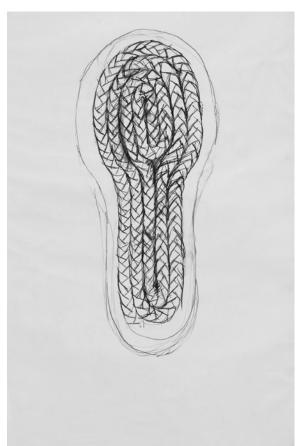
Here, artist Clarity
Haynes reflects on
Hammond's impact
and influence on her
own work and ways
of thinking.

2 Clarity Hayne











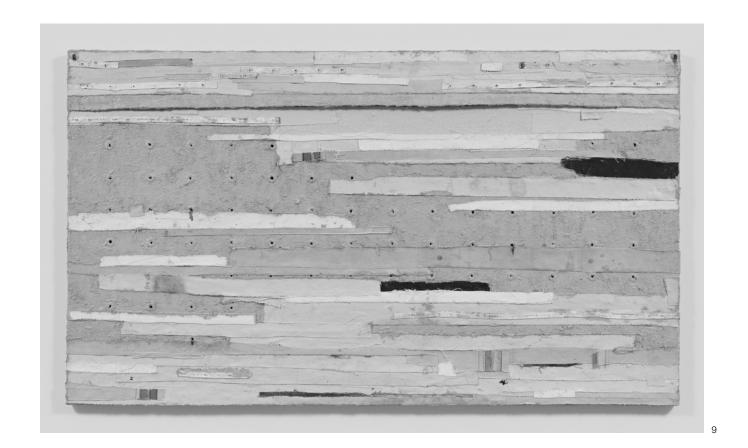
Arizona, and I wondered if I could live in the West. I was drawn to her as literally the only role model I knew of, a generation or so ahead, who speak of the expanses of flesh we carry and wear and meld with—in had lived what I was living as a lesbian artist. As my work explored our sexual lives, in our daily lives, in our dreams. how non-heteronormative experience manifests itself in visual art, became one of my earliest and longest-standing points of reference.

Harmony's work—abstract, minimalist in some ways—was very different from my own, at first glance. Yet I knew she was involved with of hers always echoes with me: "The body is always near."

I first heard of Harmony Hammond when I was a young artist in her work, the texture, the frontality, is like a painting (even when it's a Philadelphia in the late '90s. I knew she taught at the University of sculpture) and like a body. The surface of her work is like flesh, and she intends it to be. Often monochromatic, her paintings and sculptures

In her 2010 essay "A Manifesto (Personal) of Monochrome (Sort and how art can expand queer understanding and visibility, Hammond of)," Hammond writes, "Monochrome painting allows one to escape figuration but presence the body. The skin of paint calls up the body, and therefore the painting body. By that, I mean the physical object as well as the body that makes the painting. At their best, the paintings the same conceptual issues. She has written extensively, and one line transmute the painting field into the body." When I look at her work, I feel I understand it. The restraints, the bumps, the gathers, the rigid The kinship I feel with Harmony's work is about as primal as it can unyielding surfaces, the fleshy colors, dark or pale. The sometimes get. It's subtle, maybe even invisible. It's a feeling. The physicality of blinding bright color fields. The irregular, handmade variations on the









grid. (The grommets remind me of camping, which reminds me of lesbians, but that's another story.)

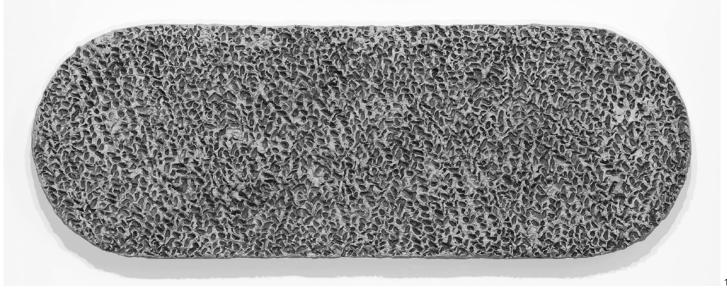
Hammond's work is easy to mistake for anything else, but she makes sure we read into it what she wants us to. The paintings shaped like lozenges, with prickly surfaces so much like weavings. Why a lozenge? Somehow that shape spoke to me. Not a rectangle, not a circle. Not vaginal, not phallic. Something you could hold. A bundle. And her wrapped sculptures of the late 1970s and early '80s, such as Hunkertime. Like big soft pretzels. Leaning against walls. Like bundled-up wild women.

My paintings are also frontal, and sculptural (conceptually at least).

the face is absent. That's how I get it to be about the body. There is no room for confusion here. The literalness of my approach to painting is related to that of Photorealism, which happened concurrently with the feminist art movement of the '70s, and was in its own way responding to Minimalism. Monochrome painting and this strain of realism share a philosophy, in the insistence that the flatness of the image rarely contradicts the flatness of the canvas.

Hammond has described her work as having "a survivor aesthetic." She writes, "A bandaged grid implies an interruption of the narrative of the modernist grid and therefore, an interruption of utopian egalitarian order...a precarity. But also, however fragile, the possibility of holding The space is shallow, and there is nothing but body. The narrative of together, of healing." My own work, too, insists upon the real body





and the heroism of age, survival, taking up space, existing outside prescribed bounds.

In the catalogue for her 2016 exhibition at Alexander Gray Associates, Hammond writes evocatively, "Dried blood and other body fluids, flesh, bone, skin, wounds, scabs and scar tissue, scraped hides, stucco, weathered and patinated wood and metal, topographical locations...Straps and strings in the torso-sized Lace and Cinch what had heretofore been private, been invisible. We don't know what paintings, as well as Klee where the straps do not wrap around the our experience looks like because it's been invisible in art for so many painting, suggest a rib cage or corset, but do not cinch. They are not years. But the positive side to that is that the story has yet to be fully pulled tight. There is no constraint—only the possibility of constraint. It's told, and we get to be part of the making. I think Harmony and I also the same with Rib where the ties are provocatively left hanging open."

In my work, the flesh is the subject. In reproduction, my paintings our story isn't told for us, or forgotten altogether.

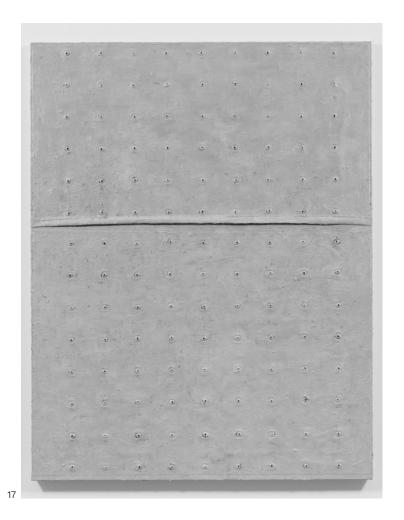
appear photographic, but in real life, at about 5 feet tall, they are more like painted landscapes, which is how it feels to make them. And the story of that flesh, so much entwined with what we know of a lover's body. The familiarity, the intimacy, but more than that, what it feels like. Perhaps it's that haptic quality—or an interest in that—that Harmony and I share. And wanting to make it physical, wanting to communicate share the conviction that we must write as well as make work, so that



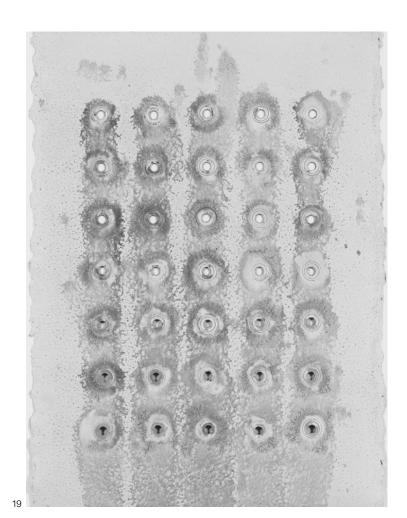
Perhaps it's that haptic quality—or an interest

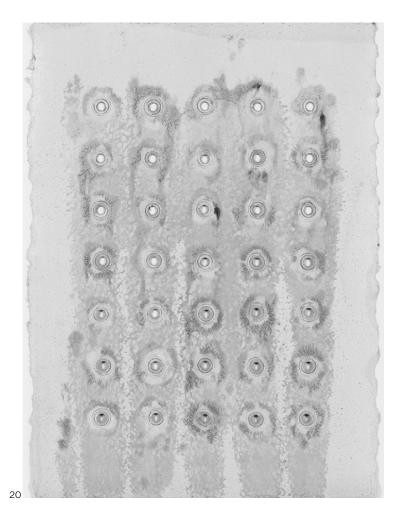
in that—that
Harmony and I
share. And wanting
to make it physical,
wanting to
communicate what
had heretofore
been private, been
invisible. We don't

know what our experience looks like because it's been invisible in art for so many years. — Clarity Haynes



ptipurdue getipurdue ptipurdue getipurdue getipur sui getipurdie getipurdue g





Monotype on paper 14 13 x 10.5 inches (33.02 x 26.67 cm) Rib 2013 Oil and mixed media on (Clarity Haynes) canvas 90.3 x 72.5 inches Michael 2016 (229.36 x 184.15 cm) Oil on linen on board 11 x 14 inches 15 (27.94 x 35.56 cm) Lace I 2012 Oil and mixed media on In Her Absence canvas 36 x 36 inches 1981 Mixed media (91.44 x 91.44 cm) 34 x 86 inches (86.36 x 218.44 cm) Things Various Double Elegy Oil and mixed media on 2009 canvas 80.25 x 54.25 x 5 inches (203.84 x 137.79 x 12.70 Digital print with lithography 6.9 x 5.3 inches cm) (17.53 x 13.46 cm) 17 Witness An Oval Braid 2014 1972 Oil and mixed media on Charcoal on paper canvas 90.25 x 70.50 x 3 inches 25 x 38 inches (63.50 x 96.52 cm) (229.24 x 179.07 x 7.62 cm) Shoe 1972 Ledger Drawings Suite B Charcoal on paper 2015 38 x 25 inches Ink on paper in five parts (96.52 x 63.50 cm) 11.75 x 9.50 inches (29.84 x 24.13 cm) Hunkertime 1979 – 1980 White Rims #1 Mixed media Dimensions variable Monotype on Twinrocker paper with metal grommets 47 x 33.5 inches Bag X (119.38 x 85.09 cm) 1971 Cloth and acrylic 47 x 18 inches (119.38 x 45.72 cm) White Rims #2 2015 Monotype on Twinrocker Bandaged Grid #1 paper with metal 2015 grommets 47 x 33.5 inches Oil and mixed media on (119.38 x 85.09 cm) canvas 44.25 x 76.5 x 2.5 inches (112.39 x 194.31 x 6.35 cm) 10 Klee 2015 Oil and mixed media on canvas 36.25 x 28.25 inches (92.08 x 71.75 cm) Girdle 1971 Cloth and acrylic 52.25 x 53 inches (132.72 x 134.62 cm) 12 Floorpiece II 1973 Cloth and acrylic 46 x 46 inches All images courtesy (116.84 x 116.84 cm) of Alexander Gray Associates, New York 13 and © 2017 Harmony Yum Yum Hammond/Licensed by VAGA, New York.

Oil and Dorland's wax on

canvas

12 x 34 inches

(30.48 x 86.36 cm)

Rims (Dark Red on Light

Red)

2011